**Pronoun Study Guide**

 1. Fill in the letter of the definition of each kind pronoun

Relative Pronouns Demonstrative Pronouns Interrogative Pronouns Indefinite Pronouns Reflexive Pronouns Intensive Pronouns Possessive Pronouns

Relative Pronouns Subjective Pronouns

Objective Pronouns Pronoun- Antecedent Agreement

1. A pronoun that shows ownership
2. A pronoun that starts a question
3. A pronoun used to start a adjective clause
4. When a pronoun replaces a noun
5. A pronoun that does not refer to any person, amount, or thing in particular
6. A pronoun used mostly for direct objects, indirect objects, and the object of a prepositional phrase
7. A pronoun used as the subject of a sentence
8. A pronoun that points to a specific thing
9. A pronoun that ends with self and is not necessary to the sentence
10. A pronoun that ends with self and is necessary to the sentence

 **Example Sentences of All Types of Pronouns**

**Possessive** ~ That shoe is mine.

 ~ Is this yours?

**Reflexive** ~ Bill talks to himself.

 ~ We treated ourselves to lots of candy.

**Intensive** ~ The student himself appeared at the school.

 ~ I myself am taking a test.

**Demonstrative** ~ This is my favorite baseball team.

 ~ Those are my baseball cleats.

**Interrogative** ~ Who did you send that text message to?

 ~ What did it say?

**Relative** ~ Sam, who loves football, didn’t play today.

 ~ The crime, which the man committed, was solved.

**Indefinite** ~ Anyone can accomplish their goals.

 ~ Anything is possible.

**Subjective** ~ She took the quiz.

 ~ You can turn on the radio.

**Objective** ~ I believe what he did.

 ~ People do mean things to her.

**Strategies**

**Reflexive/Intensive**: Take out the pronoun and see if the sentence makes sense.

**Indefinite**: Anything that ends with –thing or –one is an indefinite pronoun.

**Demonstrative**: Just remember 4 T’s: This, That, Those, These.

**Interrogative**: Just ask a question: Who? Whose? What? Which? Whom?

**Relative**: Almost the same as Interrogative. It is that instead of whom.

**Possessive**: Think of something you say when your friend takes something. “Give it! That’s mine!”

**Subjective/Objective**: Take almost any pronoun and put it in the subject position, DO position, IO position, or object of a prepositional phrase position.